Ancient Coins of ARABIA - Arab Caravan Kingdoms Greek Roman Times

Learn more about the Types of Coins issued by the Kingdom of Nabataea of ancient Petra in Jordan and the Greek and Roman coins



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dQGrbChG7Hs

Ancient Arabia from circa 250's B.C. to circa 250 A.D. is an interesting topic to explore. There were many different types of coins issued. One of the most powerful kingdoms of the area was the Kingdom of Nabataea. This was a kingdom based in the middle of the desert and was known as a Caravan Kingdom as a lot of caravans passed through there on their way from further south and even east. The kingdom prospered and to this day, the ruins that are left from that time period are gorgeous and an archeological site of importance.

Arabia was to the south of ancient Jerusalem and is therefore an important neighbor that has played a role in ancient biblical history. The Romans at one point consolidated all of Arabia into a province with same name, ending the Kingdom of Nabataea along with others.

The goal of this guide is to explore many different types of ancient coins.

- Click here to see ALL COINS OF ARABIA
- Click here to see ALL COINS OF NABATAEA
- Click here to see ALL COINS PETRA

Educational Video about Ancient Petra

This is a great video about the topic of ancient Petra with breathtaking views. Great to watch



before looking at the coins to understand their context.



crescent above Λ in field to left.

Anonymous Arab Kingdom of Nabataea PETRA 270BC Athena Nike Greek Coin i46676

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea, Anonymous Bronze 16mm (4.04 grams) Petra mint, circa 270-72 B.C.

Reference: HGC 10, 671; Meshorer, Nabataea 1-4 Helmeted head of Athena right. Nike advancing left, holding wreath and cornucopia;

The northern kingdom of Arabia of the Nabataean people, with Petra being the capital existed until early 2nd century A.D. when Roman emperor Trajan created the province of Arabia.

ARABIA Saba Kingdom 160BC Owl as Athens Silver Ancient Greek Coin RARE i47784

Arabia Kingdom of Saba Silver 'Tetradrachm' 28mm (4.87 grams) Struck circa 160-130 B.C.

Reference: HGC 10, 725; Munro-Hay 1.13il Laureate male head with long hair right.

Owl standing right on amphora; monograms to left and right.





* Numismatic Note: The coins of this kingdom use the reverse similar to the "New Style" tetradrachm coins of Athens, and what the obverse ostensibly is similar to the Roman Republican L. Calpurnius Piso Frugi denarius or perhaps a royal portrait.



Pompey the Great General Beats Aretas III Arab Nabatea Silver Roman Coin i46389

Roman Republic M. Aemilius Scaurus and Pub. Plautius Hypsaeus moneyer

Silver Denarius 18mm (3.68 grams) Rome mint at Rome 58 B C.

Reference: Aemilia 8; B.M.C. 3878; Syd. 913; Craw. 422/lb; Hendin 1443

M . SCAVR / AED CVR above king Aretas kneeling beside a camel r., EX on ,

S. C on right, REX ARETAS in exergue.

HYPSAE (vs) / AED CVR above Jupiter in quadriga left, CAPTVM on right,

c. HYPSAEVS cos PREIV (ER) in ex. scorpion below horses.

This coin commemorated the victory over Aretas III by Pompey the Great's general, Marcus Aemilius Scaurus. King Aretas III was an ally and supported John Hyrcanus II in war against his brother, Aristobulus II. Upon defeat, King Aretas had to pay a massive sum of 300 talents as a fine to Pompey the Great. M. Aemilius and Pub. Plautius were curule aediles together in 58 B.C. It is interesting to note that this is one of the earliest types that had the moneyer commemorate their own accomplishments on a coin.

"Aristobulus was not able to make resistance, but was deserted in his first onset, and was driven to Jerusalem: he also had been taken at first by force, if Scaurus, the Roman general, had not come and seasonably interposed himself and raised the siege." (Josephus, Wars, 1, VI:2)

Click here to see all coins of the Roman Republic for sale or read the Guide to the Coins of the Roman Republic

King Syllaeus of Arab Caravan Kingdom of Nabataea Ancient Greek Type Coin i50391

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea Syllaeus - King: 9 B.C.

Bronze 15mm (2.49 grams) Petra mint, Struck 9 B.C.

Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 42 Diademed head of <u>Obodas III</u> right.

Two cornucopiae crossed.





Crossed cornucopiae; Aramaic het between.

ARETAS IV 9BC Arab Kingdom of Nabataea Authentic PETRA Ancient Greek Coin i46668

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea

<u>Aretas IV</u> - King: 9 B.C. - 40 A.D.

Bronze 16mm (2.00 grams) Petra mint, Struck circa 4

B.C. - 1 A.D.

Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 70 Laureate head right, Aramaic het in front.

ARETAS IV & SHAQUILATH Arab Kingdom of Nabataea PETRA Ancient Greek Coin i46666

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea
Aretas IV Aretas IV, with Shaqilath
Bronze 15mm (2.63 grams) Petra mint, circa 11-40 A.D.





Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 97

Aretas standing facing, head left, wearing military attire, holding spear and placing hand on hilt of sword; palm frond to

Shaqilath standing left, raising hand; wreath to left; to right, name in Aramaic in three lines.



Arab Kingdom of Nabataea ARETAS IV & SHAQUILAT PETRA Ancient Greek Coin i466722

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea Aretas IV King Aretas IV with Queen Shaqilath Bronze 20mm (4.36 grams) Petra mint, circa 11-40 A.D.

Reference: Sear GIC 5699; B.M.C. 28.8,15; Meshorer,

Nabataea 114

Conjoined bustsr right of Aretas, laureate, and Queen Shaqilath, draped; Aramaic letters in field. Two cornucopiae, crossed; between them, Aramaic legend = 'Aretas, Shaqilath' in three lines.

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea ARETAS IV & SHQUILATH Silver Ancient Greek Coin i46670

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea

<u>Aretas IV</u> - King: 9 B.C. - 40 A.D.

Debased Silver Drachm 16mm (3.28 grams) Petra mint: 11 A.D.

Reference: Sear GIC 5695; Cf. Meshorer, Nabataea 100

Laureate bust of Aretas right; around, Aramaic legend = 'Aretas, king of Nabataea, lover of his people'. Conjoined draped busts right of Aretas, laureate, and Queen Shaquilath; around, Aramaic legend = 'Shaquilath, queen of Nabataea, year 20' (= c. A.D. 11).



Two cornucopia crossed; in field on right, ¬¬, on left, o.



Aretas IV Arab Kingdom of Nabataea PETRA 4BC Original **Ancient Greek Coin i503900**

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea

<u>Aretas IV</u> - King: 9 B.C. - 40 A.D.

Bronze 14mm (1.87 grams) Petra mint, circa 4/3 B.C. Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 77 var. (o instead of π on obverse)

Laureate head of Aretas IV right, in field to right, 7.

ARETAS IV 9BC Arab Kingdom

of Nabataea Authentic Ancient PETRA Greek Coin i466777

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea
Aretas IV - King: 9 B.C. - 40 A.D.
Bronze 14mm (2.41 grams) Petra mint
Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea, 61A

Laureate head right.

Two cornucopias with palm; Aramaic inscription

around.





Aretas IV Arab Kingdom of Nabataea PETRA 4BC Original Ancient Greek Coin i503855

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea
Aretas IV - King: 9 B.C. - 40 A.D.
Bronze 13mm (2.24 grams) Petra mint, circa 4/3 B.C.
Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 68
Laureate head of Aretas IV right.
Two cornucopia crossed; monogram (= ¬¬¬) between.

King Aretas IV of Arab Caravan Kingdom of Nabataea Ancient BibleTime Coin i50387

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea

<u>Aretas IV</u> - King: 9 B.C. - 40 A.D.

Bronze 14mm (2.04 grams) Petra mint, Struck 4/3 B.C.

Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 74 var. Laureate head of Aretas IV right.

Two cornucopiae crossed; between them, o.







King Aretas IV of Arab Caravan Kingdom of Nabataea 4BC Ancient Bible Coin i504000

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea

<u>Aretas IV</u> - King: 9 B.C. - 40 A.D.

Bronze 15mm (2.20 grams) Petra mint, Struck 4/3 B.C.

Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 76

Laureate head of Aretas IV right; in field, right, π .

Two cornucopiae crossed between them, caduceus; on staff of caduceus, above, π below, o; in field left, π .

MALICHUS II & SHAQILATH II Arab Kingdom of Nabataea PETRA Rare Greek Coin i46669

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea

Malichus II - King: 40-71 A.D.

Malichus II and Queen Shaqilath II

Silver Drachm 15mm (3.73 grams) Petra mint, Struck circa 49 A.D.

Reference: Sear GIC 5702; Cf. Meshorer, Nabataea 134

Laureate bust of Malichus right; around, Aramaic legend = 'Malichus the king, king of Nabataea, year 9' (= circa A.D. 49)

Veiled and draped bust of Queen Shaquilath II right; around, Aramaic legend = 'Shaqilath, his siter, queen of Nabataea'.



King Malichus II Arab Caravan Kingdom of Nabataea 64AD Greek Type Coin i50452

Arab Kingdom of f Nabataea Malichus II - King: 70-106 A.D.

Bronze 16mm (2.73 grams) Petra mint, Struck 64/65 A.D.

Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 140

Jugate heads of Malichus II and Shuqailat II right, the king laureate, with hair hanging down to nape of neck, wearing V-shaped ornament above forehead, the queen laureate; in field, 2 v.

Two cornucopiae crossed; between them, above and below, in three lines, inscription מלכן/שקי/לת (Malichus/Shuqai/lat).

King Rabbel II Arab Caravan Kingdom of Nabataea 75AD Greek Type Coin i50401

Arab Kingdom of f Nabataea Rabbel II - King: 70-106 A.D.

Bronze 16mm (2.52 grams) Petra mint, Struck 75/76 A.D.

Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 146

Jugate portraits of Rabbel II and Shuqailat right, both laureate, head of Rabbel with very long hair covering nape of neck, but of Shuqailat draped.

Two cornucopiae crossed; between them, above and below, in three lines, inscription רבאל/שקילת/אמה (Rabbel/Shuqailat/his mother)



ARABIA FELIX HIMYARITES Yemen Ancient Silver Quinarius Greek-like Coin i39632

ARABIA FELIX - Under HIMYARITES





Scyphate Silver Quinarius 14mm (1.00 grams) "RYDN" Royal Series. "'MDN BYN" (Amdan Bayyin). Circa 80-100 A.D.

Reference: Malcom-Hay 3.4i; BMC Arabia pg. 71, 1; SNG ANS 1596

Male head right within torc; monogram behind.
"'MDNIBYNI" around, "RYDN" in exergue, small head right; "sceptre" symbol before.

King Rabbel II Gamilat Arab Caravan Kingdom of Nabataea 101AD Greek Coin i5041717

Arab Kingdom of Nabataea Rabbel II - King: 70-106 A.D.

Bronze 17mm (3.47 grams) Petra mint, Struck 101/102 A.D.

Reference: Meshorer, Nabataea 163A

Jugate portraits of Rabbel II, his head laureate, with particularly long hair coming down to nape of neck, undraped, and of Gamilat, laureate, her bust draped.

Two cornucopiae crossed; between them, in two lines, inscription רבאל/גמלת (Rabbel/Gamilat).







TRAJAN creates ARABIA Province 112AD Camel Ancient Silver Roman Rome Coin i53225

<u>Trajan</u> - <u>Roman Emperor</u> : 98-117 A.D. -

Silver Denarius 19mm (3.01 grams) Rome mint: 112 A.D.

Reference: RIC 245; BMCRE 474. Cohen 26 (3 Fr.) IMP TRAIANO AVG GER DAC P M TR P COS VI P

P, Laureate, draped bust right left shoulder.

S P Q R OPTIMO PRINCIP Exe: ARAB ADQ, Arabia standing, facing, holding branch

and cinnamon sticks; camel to left.

SEVERUS ALEXANDER 222AD Bostra Arabia Zeus-Ammon Ancient Roman Coin i38501

<u>Severus Alexander</u> - <u>Roman Emperor</u>: 222-235 A.D. Bronze 18mm (5.32 grams) of <u>Bostra</u> in <u>Arabia</u>

Reference: Kindler 38; Spijkerman 48; Rosenberger 41;





SNG ANS 1222

Laureate, draped, and cuirassed bust of Severus Alexander right, seen from behind.



Draped bust of Zeus-Ammon right.

PHILIP I the ARAB 248AD 1000 Years of Rome Wolf Twins Silver Roman Coin i5217070

<u>Philip I 'the Arab'</u> - <u>Roman Emperor</u>: 244-249 A.D. - Silver Antoninianus 23mm (3.95 grams) Rome mint: 248 A.D.

Commemorating the 1000th anniversary of Rome

Reference: RIC 15; C 178

IMP PHILIPPVS AVG, radiate, draped, and cuirassed bust right

SAECVLARES AVGG / II, Lupa (She-wolf) standing left, looking back to lick her suckling twins, Romulus and Remus.



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Article by <u>Ilya Zlobin</u>, world-renowned expert numismatist, enthusiast, author and dealer in authentic ancient Greek, ancient Roman, ancient Byzantine coins and beyond.

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